Decatur Weekly Republican.

VOL. XXVII | DECATUR, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY, APRIL 5, 1894 | NO 36

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY BY

HAMSHER & CALHOUN,

P. K HAMSHER. | W. F. CALHOUN.

Office--126 South Water Street

TERMS

Per Annum in Advance $1 00
If not paid in Advance, 1.50

LOCAL NEWS

SUNDAY Rev J W Crane was at Lake City to conduct quarterly meeting for Elder Galesner

ON Sunday Rev. T D Weems occupied the pulpit of the Methodist church at Cerro Gordo

THERE are now only 52 inmates of the poor house Steward Burley says he is reducing the number of county dependents as rapidly as possible

THE one great value--the blessed effect of Dr Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer is to restore the nerves to a natural and healthy condition. $1 bottles of C H. Dawson

THE funeral of Mrs Annie Coleman took place this afternoon from Brintlinger's Undertaking rooms The burial was at Greenwood cemetery Miss Margie McMann and Mrs Rose Atherton sisters of the deceased, of Clinton, attended the funeral

MISS LANGDISH 'Tired' Oh, so tired all the time Mrs Smart 'Well, so I used to be until I began to take Ayers Sarsaparilla as a spring medicine, and now I don't know what it is to have that tired feeling Try it my dear, only be sure you get Ayers

WILEY JOHNSON pastor of the Free Methodist church this city, conducted the funeral services of Willie Dunn the child of Mr and Mrs Daniel Dunn, at Ivesdale, Ill, last Sunday, at 10 o clock a m The child's age was one year and six days, and died of the measles

ON April 22d William Marsh Albert Lefevre and a party named 'Lutz' will have an examination in the county court on charges of insanity They are charges at the county poor farm, and the petitions for the inquisitions were filed by W J Magee the county farm superintendent

THE inquisition in the county court as to the alleged insanity of Mary Cleghorn has been continued until April 8 The petitioner is Ben Cleghorn, husband of the woman and his attorney is I D Walker There is to be a sharp contest at the hearing Attorneys M D Wall, George Taylor and Woolford will appear for the defendant

W H Bean supervisor of Pleasant View township, and who was re elected last Tuesday by 101 majority, has concluded to become a candidate for county treasurer Mr. Bean's service on the board has given him a wide acquaintance in this county, and he will have many friends who will be pleased to learn of his candidacy

To Our Weekly Readers

We are happy to be able to inform the readers of the WEEKLY REPUBLICAN that we have for some time been preparing to enlarge the paper to a seven column quarto In doing this we have put in a new three revolution cylinder Hoe press with a speed twice that of the old press In addition to this we have put in a Dexter folder and an entire new outfit of type The first issue of the larger weekly, which will be one fourth larger than the present weekly, we hope to be able to issue next week, certainly not later than week after next This enlargement will not make any difference with our offer of the WEEKLY REPUBLICAN and the Weekly Inter Ocean both a year for $1 25 or the REPUBLICAN and the New York Tribune both for $1 25

The Decatur REPUBLICAN is the only Republican paper published in Macon county and we hope to be able to place every Republican in the county on our subscription list

TO THE PUBLIC

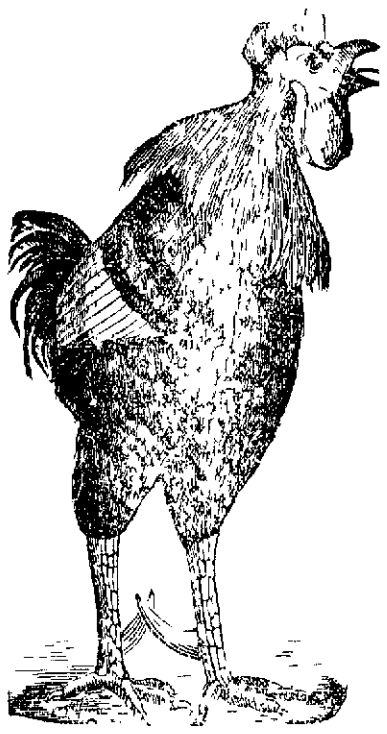
An Immense Stock of Boots and Shoes at Cost

I have been here in active business nearly 10 years, and have tried to make honesty and integrity the standard of my dealing I have reached the time of life when I think the cares of business begin to sit heavy on my shoulders I have finally come to the conclusion by the advice of my family, to sell my entire stock at a great sacrifice and retire to enjoy the fruits of my labors I hope no one will doubt my motives I am not in the habit of saying one thing and doing another I have made up my mind to step out, and I mean it My stock is too numerous to quote prices on all the fresh goods that are rolled in and some still making, as I have to order my goods six months ahead of time) My entire stock must be sold within 60 days, Regardless of Price. W. F. BUSHER,

152 East Main street Decatur, Ill.

REPUBLICANS HAPPY

Every Man Elected by Decisive Pluralities----535 to 977.



Democrats Are Crushed and Knocked Out in One Round.

We Are the People, and They Vote With the Party of Protection and Prosperity

Get in time for the City and County Election Give it to them Again

THE VICTOR — ALL REPUBLICANS

Assistant Supervisors	ABRAM JOHNSON, JAMES HOLLINGER, J A DAVIDSON
Town Clerk	HARDIN G WALLACE
Assessor	SAMUEL KEELER
Collector	ALBERT S MORGAN
Commissioner	CHAS M CALDWELL
Poundmaster	CLEMENSKA MARTIN

And they all got there by pluralities ranging from 535 to 977 We love to dwell on the figures They mean so much in the way of emphasizing the Republican victory at the 14 voting places in Decatur township on Tuesday They mean, if they mean anything at all, that Macon county is likely to go 1200 to 1500 the right way at the approaching county election Look at the gains in the districts, and then look at the glad figures that came in from the townships in the county The truth is, the people are tired of the Democratic dickering and promises, misrepresentations, the tricks of the party bosses, and above all the people have taken the first opportunity offered in Macon county to enter their emphatic protest against the hurtful free trade doctrine and in favor of protection and prosperity And they will speak louder next November. Springer and Manecke and others in the Democratic household will get it where the chicken got the ax, and they may as well make preparations now to step down and out

Decatur and Macon county did nobly. There is room in the Republican party for all who have learned by bitter experience that they cannot get good times and steady work at good wages by remaining in the Democratic ranks No doubt the Republican party received a few recruits Tuesday If it did the new soldiers are welcome They have made a good start They are on the right side Let the good work go on

COMPARISON—VOTE 1893 AND 1894

The Republican gains in Decatur township are best seen by a comparison of the vote of 1893 with that of Tuesday and will be of special interest to the reader

The vote polled in 1893 on the head of the ticket was Republican 1941, Democratic, 1751 Prohibition 247, total 3943

The vote Tuesday on the assistant supervisors receiving the highest votes in each party was Republican 2252 Democratic 1442 Prohibition 257 total 3951, a gain of 8 votes.

Johnson Rep for assistant supervisor Tuesday received 2252 votes Last year H F May, (Rep) for supervisor received 1942 votes Hutchins (Dem) for assistant supervisor, Tuesday received 1442 votes Last year, Patterson for supervisor received 1751 votes.

Wallace, (Rep.) for town clerk, Tuesday received 2254 votes Last year he received 1801 votes Morris, (Dem) for the same office last year got 1785 votes while this year Hardy (Dem) for town clerk received but 1427 votes

Keeler (Rep,) for assessor Tuesday received 2 330 votes while Ferguson (Rep,) last year received 1691 votes Watkins (Dem) for same office last year received 1 934 votes, while White (Dem) for same office Tuesday, received only 1 358 votes

Morgan (Rep) for collector, Tuesday received 2 189 votes to 1 880 votes for Lytle (Rep,) for same office last year Ahrens (Dem) Tuesday received 1442 votes to 1 810 votes for Boren (Dem,) last year

Caldwell (Rep) for commissioner of highways Tuesday received 2 086 votes to 1,600 votes for Whitsel (Rep) for same office last year Barnes (Dem) for same office Tuesday received 1,761 votes to 1 055 votes for Wheeler (Dem) last year.

Martin (Rep) for poundmaster Tuesday received 2199 votes to 1811 votes received 1 last year Cook (Dem) for same office Tuesday received 14 8 votes to 1734 votes received last year

The Democrats last year elected two assistant supervisors, the assessor, one highway commissioner two justices of the peace and one constable This year they did not come within 535 votes of electing anybody

ELECTION NOTES.

Keep it up and Macon county will go 1,200 to 1,500 Republican

In certain quarters of the city Malloy ran behind the Democratic ticket In the first, third fourth fifth, sixth, seventh eighth ninth eleventh, and fourteenth precincts he got it in the neck

Read the returns from the ninth precinct Jerry John A Brown lives there The tone of his vote seems to go over there

Sam Jack says that even Bob Kincaid was against us

One speech was sufficient and although the *Review* does not like the voice of the speaker the people seem to like the sentiments of the speech The people spoke yesterday

How glad Jerry is that postmasters are not elected by the people

Suppose the Republicans had had a perfect organization and had humped themselves! Can anybody have told the limit of the majorities? Wait till the fall elections! Just wait till we get a move on Springer, Manecke et al

The latest news about the election read at the REPUBLICAN office last night pleased the crowd immensely It was all one way, and nearly everybody remained until 8 30 o clock just to learn how complete a crush it was for the Democrats

One Democrat said Well, I'm just tell you how it was We couldn't get our vote out We had to poll at them and when we got them they would make a kick, and say if they went to the polls they would vote the Republican ticket Guess they must have done it But of course the postoffice fight had nothing to do with it No I didn't make any bets!

James Hollinger made a good race and he will make a good supervisor The *Review* tried to persuade itself that Jim wasn't in it and now Jerry, who was "agin him" because he was a colored man will have to doff his hat to him And the Monitor Band gave him a lively serenade last night

An ugly fight was made against Caldwell for commissioner but Charley got there just the same The *Review* should make a special note of the fact

Hurrah for the North end Pen! The workingmen of all nationalities in those precincts have learned by bitter experience that promises and appeals to prejudice do not supply steady work or prevent cuts in wages

The Monitor Band started out early last evening to take in the town and they made the welkin ring They visited nearly all of the Republican candidates at their homes and serenaded them It was a great night for the band and for the candidates

Just look at the result in the townships in the country Oakley, Mount Zion and **Wheatland gone Republican straight, and big gains in every other township Well, Well!**

The Democrats managed to save Niantic, which stands alone in the Bourbon column.

Keep it up boys City election April 17, county election in November

In Mosquito township, Christian county, the Republicans elected Frank Stewart commissioner, and gained 70 in the township

TOWNSHIPS IN THE COUNTRY

LONG CREEK

Clean Republican sweep, and the largest majority for Supervisor Davis he ever received. The vote, with names of Republicans first Supervisor—Samuel C Davis 151, M D Kizer 97, town clerk—William Coombs 132 D C Myers 112, assessor—George W Urban 138 J H Calver 116, collector—W A Underwood 136 Henry Kizer 110, commissioner—John W Jones 132 Robert McCane 113, constable Charles C Cochran 140 L C Davis 106, road overseers district 1—N M Maddox 133 Irving J Heckel 111, district 2—J T Fulk 141, R P Myers 102, district 3 Grant Buckalew 133 Harvey Mowry 104, district 4—James Hunter 138, James Myers 105, district 5—Andrew M Haynes 140 Chas. Rucker 102 Proposition to build a town hall not to exceed $600 Yes, 5, no 60.

MACON.

Republican all through as follows: Republican—Assessor, T J Fleming, 212, collector, Wm Kitch 171, town clerk, H Winkler 2[illegible] commissioner, George Culbertson 198 People's ticket Assessor, Thomas Davis 88, collector, J I Vangundy, 129 clerk, F S Chamberlain 92, commissioner, Wm Patterson 92

ILLINI

Result was mixed Democratic—Clerk, T B Tucker 111, assessor, Chas. Buckley, 97 collector, George W Manton, 134, commissioner George H Overmire, 118, school trustee, T G Tucker, 126 Republican—Clerk John Williams, 108, assessor, T E Barton 121, collector, R B Bolliger, 87 commissioner, J J Bulkley, 100, school trustee, J H Berman 99

NIANTIC

In the slide the Democrats saved Niantic, and we will have to let it go at that Result Democratic—Supervisor, M E Lockhart, 153, clerk, W R Kizer, 164, assessor, John Wacker, 156, collector, W C Jones 155, commissioner, John Delaney, 196 Republican—Supervisor G W Ryan, 123, clerk, L E. Kitch, 102, assessor, Robert Moore, 119, collector W R Dingman 114, commissioner, L Lancaster, 82

HARRISTOWN

The Democrats had a close rub for the choice places They had a right to be scared On the Republican side only the clerk was elected The vote

Republican—Town clerk, F F Towne, 71 assessor Jacob Lebo 70, collector F B Glasgow, 65, commissioner, John P Holmes, 71 Democrat—Town clerk, Masters 47, assessor A J Wheeler, 82 collector J F Muirhead 82 commissioner, I McGeorge, 76 John Bradshaw independent candidate for town clerk, received 32 votes

PLEASANT VIEW

Republicans did nobly giving McBean 101 majority The result Republican—Supervisor W H Bean, 187, town clerk, F M Abrams, 176, assessor W H Shaw, 159, collector, E W Crow 187 commissioner C H Moomey 161 Democratic—Supervisor, W S Gage, 86 town clerk, D C Diehl, 98 assessor, Levi Baughman 115, collector, P M Seiberling, 86, commissioner Frank Gothcet, 112

MAROA

The Republicans got the town clerk. Result Republican—Town Clerk D H Glassford, 219 assessor, C F Emery, 155 collector, C L Phares 162 commissioner Henry Barger 138 Democratic—Clerk, H E Cutter, 133 assessor A Wykoff, 250, collector, H M Funk 245 commissioner Uriah Ashcroft, 240

BLUE MOUND

The fight was for commissioner but Baily got there as did the balance of the Republicans The vote Republican—Supervisor, W F Moffett 158 clerk L W Baily [illegible] assessor, J A Barnes 144 collector Wm Elder 177 commissioner Fred Bailey 129 justice W A Lordy 162 Democratic Supervisor I H Coleman 92 clerk, L Bayley 81 assessor I T Warnick 98 collector Ira Hill 82 commissioner, R D Haddleson, 112.

MT ZION

Out in Mt Zion the Republicans are on top, having elected the entire ticket It was a very chilly day for the Democrats—a cold frost Result Republicans—Clerk, Alex Armstrong 165 assessor, L. L. Bixby, 149, collector, C P Scott, 155; **commissioner, N. J. Blank,** 151, constable, A A. Walker, 167 Democrats—clerk E D Riber, 111, assessor J. S Myers, 137, collector, C B Britton, 131, commissioner, F C. Stoner, 132, constable, Theo. Davidson, 115

WHEATLAND

And now there is but one lonely Democrat in office in the township which has been looked upon as one of the Democratic strongholds. It was a hot fight from the start, and the Republicans came out ahead electing every man by majorities ranging from 15 to 27 The result Republicans—Clerk, Orion D Hopkins 134, assessor W H Koup 124 collector, Nathan E Stickle 133, commissioner Adam Frederick, 130, justice Henry Grant, 124 constable, L M Stahl, 125 and Ed Johnson 111, two elected Democrats—Clerk George Muir, 107, assessor, Fred Klee, 115, collector Wm Miller 110 commissioner Frank Crescroft, 112, justice, Henry Robinson, 110

MILAM

It all went one way, and that was straight Republican J V Moody adds The Demmies got in it a little but The result Republicans Clerk, C W Freeland, 38 assessor James Rogers, 56, collector, J V Moody, 11 commissioner I H Goltra, 37, justice Frank Rogers 40, constable, William Kiss, 11 Democrats—Clerk, Wm Best, 19 assessor no candidate, collector, James VanGundy 16 commissioner, no candidate justice William Crambes, 17 constable 16

WHITMORE

It was a hot fight all day, but the Republicans came out ahead Mr Hockaday made a strong battle and kept it up to the close of the polls The vote Republicans Supervisor Ross Hockaday, 117, clerk John Mooth art 127 assessor, William A Brooks 120 collector, J P Dilling withdrew a week ago, commissioner Harlan Park, 102 Democrats Supervisor, H B Kuhne, 102 clerk M Rimbo, 90, assessor Leo Barnes, 100 collector William Bandleston, 125, commissioner, Frank Shafer, 117

OAKLEY

And Oakley, the home of Senator Manecke comes into the Republican column with flying colors Hurrah! The vote Republican—Supervisor J W Walker, 124, clerk, Cassius H Icomb, 131, assessor, J C Peck, 122, collector, David Heckman, 131, commissioner, W F Coulter, 123 Democratic—Supervisor S P Nickey, 95 clerk, H Harpstrite, 84 assessor, J K Wheeler, 96 collector, P Shambaugh, 100, commissioner, Samuel Quigley, 100

FRIENDS CREEK TOWNSHIP.

All of the Republican candidates were elected by 1 to 25 majority. One Democrat got there He was running for trustee of the grave yard and thinking that a Bourbon ought to be elected to conduct the burial of the Democratic party in that part of the country, he was elected

HICKORY

All of the Democratic candidates were elected except one John Fetrow, Republican, was elected commissioner

AUSTIN

The entire Republican ticket was elected

DORA TOWNSHIP, MOULTRIE COUNTY

Dora township, which has a famous history as being so strongly Democratic has almost unanimously been redeemed from Democracy At the annual spring election held here Tuesday notwithstanding the old time majority of from 50 to 75 out of 300 voters, the Republicans elected five out of seven candidates The result of the election was as follows

Supervisor J J Springer, Dem,	[illegible]
Town Clerk Dan Fletcher, Rep	4
Collector Milton Alexander, Rep	7
Assessor Dave Donor, Rep,	4
Commissioner John McMullin, Rep	15
Constable Jas Berry, Rep	1
J of P, B B Compass Dem	11

The proposition "for or against moving the polling place from Lake City to Dalton" was lost

Had it not been for the puppy mugwumps who are barbored in and around our village the straight Republican ticket would have been elected A word of advice we would give to such For the escape of eternal damnation at the hands of the better class, turn your coat right side out Eternal punishment and damnation is too good for such worthless men

April 1 1894

AT SPRINGFIELD

SPRINGFIELD ILL, April 3—In the city and township election in Springfield to lay the Republicans made an unprecedented sweep, electing every candidate upon their ticket There being a vacancy in the city council from the Third ward, there were eight aldermen to be elected and the Republicans got all of them by majorities aggregating over 1600 for the entire city The greatest surprise was the election of John Bernbaum and Dorene Walker by 66 and 146 in the Third ward, always Democratic by over 300 the former defeating George Reisch the brewer, who was supposed to be invincible All the Republican candidates on the township ticket carried the city by majorities of near 1 000 being a Republican gain of five members of the Board of Supervisors The Republicans also gained several supervisors in other townships in the county

EVERYTHING REPUBLICAN

These cities and towns are now in the Republican column

Vardalia Paris, Christian, Assumption Fairbury, Urbana, Yorkville Bright Havana for the first time in the history of the township, Mason City, Minonk, Meredosia, Morgan, Bruce, Mt Vernon, Morgan, Wauconda, Sandwich, Leroy, Geneva, Seymour, Monmouth, Plano, Westfield, Mowequa, Beason DeLand Kirkwood Galena Rockford Harvard Murphysboro, Tuscola Pekin, Whitehall Bloomington Kewanee, Marshall, Joliet, Monticello, Nokomis, Elgin, Roseland, Rock Island, Moline, Macomb, Galesburg Litchfield, Quincy In Sullivan, where the Democratic majority has always been as high as 1000, Tuesday the Republicans reduced the figures to 50 There were big Republican gains in Taylorville.

THERE WAS NOTHING IN IT.

Will Story About Senator Manecke and a Wood Carver

From Monday's Daily

There was quite a big slice of gossip on the streets in certain quarters of the city Saturday evening previous to the story about Senator Manecke the Oakley statesman who had been in the city nearly all day joining in the general jubilee over the victory of Democracy in capturing the postoffice The story in brief was that the Senator while at Michael M Ginty's saloon, had become engaged in an altercation with a wood carver from the Decatur furniture factory, the exchange of compliments being of such a nature that a fight was an essential termination of the bantering. But, according to an early version of the episode, the fight was all on one side, for the wood carver who is not a very large man but exceedingly spry and handy with his "dukes," got in several blows on the cranium of the Senator causing him to tip over One blow is said to have been a knock by the Senator Here the story ended. No further details could be learned on the streets and as the Senator could not be found the curious had no opportunity to judge whether or not he was seriously injured.

The trouble is said to have occurred between 6 and 7 o'clock in the hours went by only slight echoes of the episode could be heard. And there were simply inquiries as to whether or not there really had been any assault made upon the Senator The REPUBLICAN reporter up to 9 45 o clock Saturday night was unable to verify the story, but Sunday morning one of the daily papers had a paragraph about the altercation, giving the story substantially as at first reported

but it appears (at this writing, Sunday afternoon) that there was nothing in it after all H C Montgomery chairman of the Democratic county central committee, in conversation with a REPUBLICAN representative Sunday, stated that the Senator had not been assaulted. He knew that he had not been for he had personally investigated the matter Saturday night and was satisfied that Mr. Manecke had had no trouble Mr McGinty and the saloon attaches state that Mr M had not been in any row at the resort Saturday night, and they assured the reporter with all emphasis that there was nothing in it

To day it is learned from the wood carver himself, whose name is Lamb and who is a Democrat, that the trouble he had with a man was not in the McGinty saloon It was on the sidewalk in front of the place Both had been playing the slot machine, and Lamb was lucky He came out with about $2 40 in nickels in his hand and spoke to the tall man on the walk, showing the nickels Then it was that the exchange of insulting words began which ended in the knock down by Lamb The wood carver was the first to give information about the trouble Somebody on the walk said to him, in substance 'You had better skip out Do you know who you have struck? You have hit the State senator" Lamb replied "I don't care who it was I would have cowhided him if he had been the president of the United States' Then Lamb crossed the street, and told a friend what he had done and what had been said to him

It appears that on Sunday friends of Mr Manecke visited Mr Lamb at his boarding house and got an affidavit from him setting in effect that he did not strike any man in the McGinty saloon, and that to the best of his knowledge and belief he did not strike Mr Manecke The story is that Mr Manecke was with the party and that Mr Lamb failed to identify him as the man with whom he had the difficulty It is understood that the affidavit is to be published in the *Review* to morrow morning.

Quietly Married

Ulysses S Garrett and Miss Stella M. Moore were quietly married last night by Rev W H Penhallegon at the parsonage The young couple will for a time make their home with the groom's parents, Mr and Mrs Duane Garrett at 1601 East William street

HAVE your roofing, spouting and repair work done by C L Griswold & Co

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.

40 YEARS THE STANDARD

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

[illegible] at the postoffice at Decatur, Illinois, as second class matter.

About the 5th day of March 1897 there will be appointed a Republican postmaster for Decatur.

One of the leading candidates for mayor of Green Bay, Wis., can neither read nor write and he is of the opinion that all our financial troubles and the depression in our domestic industries are due to bad Republican legislation.

It will be noticed that the Democratic campaigners, this spring are not making any vigorous claims that the Democratic party is the friend of the laboringmen. There is too much enforced idleness and general reduction of wages under the present righteous Democratic policy to put such a claim on dress parade this year.

The Democratic campaigners are offering to vote the entire Republican ticket with one exception to get one vote against C. M. Caldwell for commissioner of highways, but they find no takers. Republicans don't have to trade. They can elect their entire ticket without trading. It is only a question of how large the majority is to be after one year of Democracy.

Now that Editor Donahue has been appointed postmaster by Grover Cleveland, the *Review* will not be so "offensively partisan" as it has been. Grover Cleveland told you he was willing to allow an "offensive partisan" to remain in office a minute. For the same reason Editor Donahue will also have to remain at home hereafter [illegible] the paper [illegible] of his expense.

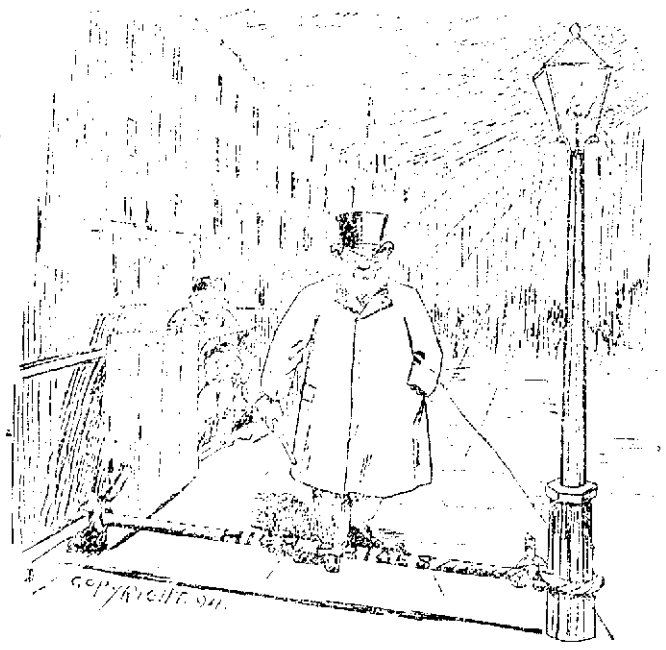
Senator Peffer expresses disgust over the Coxey movement, and yet the Coxey movement is the legitimate product of the horse sense that have been taught by our legislators since Peffer and his party came into power. If man who borrowed money to carry on business or pay for a farm now [illegible] to pay it back in [illegible] he would be [illegible] Coxey [illegible] style of crank.

Tom presumes says: "The wheels of domestic industry have been slowly set in motion and the tide of foreign investment has begun to set in our direction. Our recovery being so well under way, nothing should be done to check our convalescence." This gives Senator Hill authority to defeat the income tax bill, for nothing could be done that would injure the country more than the passage of that measure.

In his veto message the president says: "The financial disturbance which has swept over the country during the last year was unparalleled in its severity and disastrous consequences." This is probably not meant to be a calamity howl but there is a good deal of truth in it. The facts are that the depression which the country has suffered is slowly commensurate with the [illegible] to the people at the polls in November 1892.

Who's In the Ditch?

President Cleveland [illegible] the same position at the time in relation to silver, that the bolt [illegible] early this year Cleveland [illegible] If he is in [illegible] will be [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] [illegible] tariff [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]



PRICES UP---April Fool.

No tripping in traps, by make-believe reductions, but bed rock low prices in all lines.

Regent Frocks, Cambridge Sacks, in the LUCKY WORSTED BRAND, you will find the nicest styles ever shown in the city. They are custom made.

WE QUOTE A FEW OF THE PRICES:

Men's Clay Worsted Suits at $12.00—worth $15.00.
Men's Corkscrew Worsted Suits at $10.00—worth $15.00.
Men's Reversible Worsted Suits at $15.00, $18 and $20—worth 20 per cent more.
Men's Extra Fine Tailor Made Suits, $15, $18 and $20—worth 20 per cent more.
Men's Extra Pants Suits $10 and $12—worth $15 and $18.

We can save you money on Hats. Being Jobbers we buy them cheaper and make lower prices.

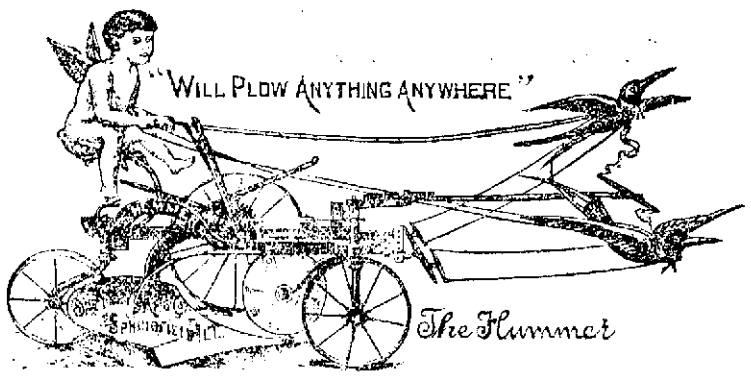
We are agents for the Stetson Stiff Hats—Best in the world.

We have all the new things in GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, and prices right.

BAKER CLOTHING MFG CO.

129--135 North Water Street

THE "HUMMER."



Every Practical Farmer who Sees It Wants One.

BECAUSE it throws out higher and easier than any other
BECAUSE it has no ratchet on throw-out lever.
BECAUSE it will last longer than any other.
BECAUSE a more child can plow with it.
BECAUSE it is not locked in the ground.
BECAUSE it will plow any soil satisfactorily.
BECAUSE it is lighter in draft than any other.
BECAUSE the entire length is carried on three wheels.

We show of Plows this and a little of everything but they are not purchased by whatever we have in the shape of goods to sell. The "HUMMER" cost us more to build than any other Riding Plow, but it is not retailed any higher. We believe in giving our customers the benefit of this.

Remember we warrant and guarantee the "HUMMER" to be absolutely the best Riding Plow on earth, and we defy competition.

—SOLD ONLY BY—

LEON & MORRIS,

Successors to J. P. Nicholson,

138 and 144 East Wood Street.

REMEMBER THIS FACT—

WE GUARANTEE OUR GOODS.

C. L. GRISWOLD & CO.

HERE ARE SOME OF THEM:

Best Steel Garden Forks.
Best Steel Garden Hoes.
Best Steel Garden Rakes.
Best Steel Manure Forks.
Best Steel Tiling Spades.
Best Steel Cut Scoops.
Best Steel Shovels.
Best Steel Spades.

We make extreme Special Prices on Fence and Poultry Netting in Full Rolls, (150 lineal feet)

We carry the best line of Horse Clippers and Toilet Hair Clippers in the market. Prices Low.

DON'T FAIL TO FIGURE WITH US ON HARDWARE.

C. L. GRISWOLD & CO.,

161 East Main Street, Decatur, Ill.

HOMES FOR THE PEOPLE.

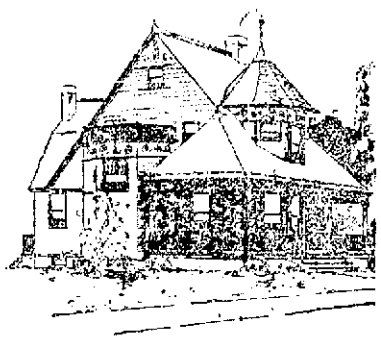
A Six-Room Dwelling for Twenty-Two Hundred Dollars.

It Affords Many Conveniences Usually Not Found in Moderate-Priced Houses—Particularly Happy Arrangement of Rooms.

The very neat house here illustrated will cost $2,200. The dimensions are 26x55 feet, not including the projections.

The height of basement is 6 feet 6 inches; first story 9 feet; second story 8 feet 6 inches.

The foundation will be of rubble, 16 inches thick, laid in good cement mortar. The entire house will be sheathed with 5-inch matched flooring over which is placed tar building paper.

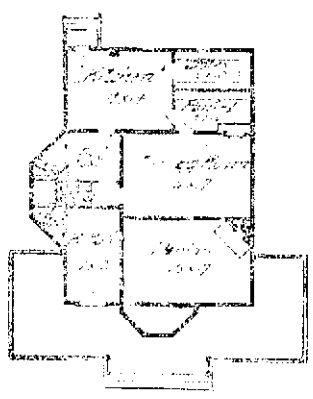


A COZY DWELLING.

The side walls will be square dimension shingles made from cedar. The gables will be round butt dimension shingles, also of cedar.

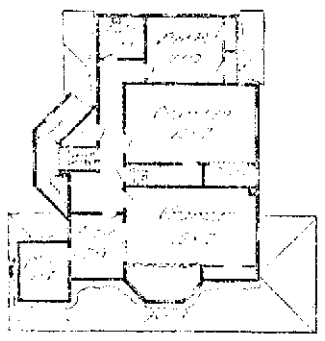
The shingles on the roof are to be cedar. Stay A Stain and of cedar. They are to be dipped in a [illegible] moss green with [illegible] stains. The chimneys on the gables and side walls are to be [illegible] with a rather grain, effects in [illegible] and compositions [illegible] are to be painted dark white. The veranda floors are to be [illegible] and the [illegible] The interior woodwork [illegible] with partials. The kitchen and pantry are to have maple floors, the reception hall and [illegible] floors. All floors are to be oiled, the oil to be applied hot. The front stairs are to be of oak. The plastering is to be two coats work, the second coat of the kind known as hard white finish.

The principal rooms and their sizes are as follows: Reception hall, 7x13 feet; parlor, 15x17 feet; dining-room, 11x17 feet; kitchen, 11x14 feet; chamber, 15x17 feet; bedroom, 9x16 feet; alcove, 7x9 feet; bathroom, 6x6 feet. The reception hall contains one large window and two doors, one leading to the dining-room and the other to the rear hall. The reception hall, parlor and dining-room have cased openings. The parlor contains a fire place and a bay with three windows. The dining-room has a china closet and two large handsome windows. The kitchen contains sink, boiler and store-room off. From the rear hall you can go to the basement or second floor by a flight of rear stairs. The front chamber is provided with an alcove, and the alcove is furnished with a very large closet. The side or middle chamber contains a little cozy or nook which has a bow window with art glass. There is a stairway leading to the attic, where two large rooms can be finished at any future time.



FIRST FLOOR PLAN.

All floors are to be double, with tar paper between. An electric push from front and rear doors communicates with the bell located in the rear hall. The studding is 2x4 inches, lath 16 inches on centers; door joists, 2x10 inches, laid 16 inches on centers; roof rafters, 2x6 inches; wall plates, 2x12 inches; beam, 8x10 inches; piers, 12x12 inches of brick, costing $25 per 1,000. The caps on the chimneys are to be of smooth stone. Gutters are to be made on the roof. All glass is to be American, double thick. The front door is 3 feet 8 inches by 7 feet; the principal doors are 2 feet 8 inches by 7 feet; closet doors, 2 feet 6 inches by 7 feet.



SECOND FLOOR PLAN.

The outer house is to be piped for gas and a furnace. The roof over staircase bay must be tinned. The basement contains coal bins, laundry, fruit room and furnace room. The reception hall, parlor and dining-room will be tinted as follows: The ceiling a light cream and the walls a straw color; the frieze between the ceiling line and picture mold is to be of a dark chrome color. The owner will furnish bathroom fixtures, art glass, hardware and mantel.

GEORGE A. W. KINTZ.

WHISKY WAR.

South Carolina Under Martial Law.

[SPECIAL TO THE REPUBLICAN]

CHICAGO, March 31.—The dispensary or liquor law in South Carolina has resulted in serious rioting, in which several men were killed in Darlington. The trouble grew out of the resort to the use of spies to detect offenders. The militia has refused to obey the order of the governor and he has become desperate. The startling news was received at Washington that Gov. Tillman has to-day taken possession of all the telegraph lines in the state, and will allow nothing but business messages to pass over the wires. This indicates continued serious trouble.

THE NEIGHBORING TOWNS.

BLUE MOUND.

There was a surprise party at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Logan last evening. Miss Maud Traiber, of Decatur, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Logan, was the victim. Those present were Misses Edith and Vera Seiberling, Lena and Virgie Allen, Ella Cartwright, Anna Spooner, Effie Blair, Myrtle Crow, Myra Abrams, Rose Schawb, Stella Winter, Ethyl Clements, and Messrs Robert and Paul Lacy, Guy Foster, Ellis Kessler, George Vancleve, Dwight Shick, Ray McGee, Judd Keech, Charles and Ollie Crow, Lynain Shick and Ted Seiberling. The principal feature of the evening was vocal and instrumental music and declamations. Cake, bananas and taffy were served at midnight. Miss Trainer and the party very much enjoyed the occasion.

Mrs. John Lay, who fractured Charles Grass' building on Railroad avenue, and is now running a first-class restaurant and boarding house.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Kerr of Illinois, are visiting Mrs. Kerr's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Beard, of this place.

E. T. Clements was in Decatur several days this week, attending the dular evening.

Geo. Crow, of Grove City, is in town to-day.

Miss Annie Traiber returned to her home in Decatur to-day.

Charles Shaw, a Lincoln College student, is home for a short vacation.

Ray Clements, who has been a sore sufferer from rheumatism and dyspepsia for two or three weeks, is improved enough to-day in a fair way to permanent recovery.

Your correspondent thinks he will be able to give you some interesting items next week.

March 31, 1894.

The Bondholders May Take It.

R. B. E. Pierce, who is one of the trustees of the Indianapolis, Decatur and Western, is of the opinion that the road will be bid in by the first mortgage bondholders. The illness of R. S. Hammond, president of the road, who is largely interested in the second mortgage bonds, has caused a change, and will doubtless prevent the carrying out of the program as intended by Mr. Hammond and his friends. Should the road be bid in by the first mortgage bondholders, and if the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton concern to carry out the deal which was negotiated when it was thought the plans of the second mortgage bondholders might be put in execution, it is possible the first mortgage bondholders may come in to agree to them. But it is pointed out some of the C. H. & D. people are now said to be in favor of taking control of the road and guaranteeing the interest on the bonds as they did a few months ago.—*Globe Democrat.*

Among the Railroads.

In 1893 the Illinois Central turned over to the Vandalia at Effingham, Ill., the crossing of the two roads, 3,477 car loads of tropical fruits, or an average of nine and one-half cars a day, for points on the Vandalia system.

A tie train has been put to work on the Peoria division of the Vandalia distributing 60,000 new ties, which will be put down this spring. In the way of good steel on this division it is well equipped, as new steel was put down on the old ties since the road passed into the control of the Vandalia. In some cases, however, the ties were in unusually bad condition and the new steel has been damaged some on this account. Where these places are formed new track will be placed.

New Lodge Pythian Sisters.

The Mattoon Weekly *Gazette* gives a full account of the organization in that city last Wednesday night, of Fairy Temple No. 31, Pythian Sisters. The lodge was instituted and the ceremonies of the same conducted by Past Grand Chief, Mrs. Jennie Howe, of this city, assisted by members of Friendship Temple, No. 9, of Charleston. The ceremonies were commenced shortly after 1 o'clock in the afternoon with an intermission for supper and lasted until a late hour. The charter membership of the new temple is about forty. Mrs. A. D. McMahon, P. G., past grand representative of Fairy Temple, No. 8, Springfield, Mo., was present.

La Grippe.

During the prevalence of the Grippe the past seasons it was a noticeable fact that those who depended upon Dr. King's New Discovery, not only had a speedy recovery, but escaped all of the troublesome after effects of the malady. This remedy seems to have a peculiar power in effecting final cures not only in cases of La Grippe, but in all Diseases of Throat, Chest and Lungs, and has cured cases of Asthma and Hay Fever of long standing. Try it and be convinced. It won't disappoint. Free Trial Bottles at King & Wilson's Drug Store. m

EX-GOVERNOR WM. E. RUSSELL, of Boston, is to be the orator at the Yale Law School commencement, June 26, and will speak upon some subject relative to legal questions involved in state government.

No better pill to digest.
No better cure for dyspepsia.
Nothing more reliable for biliousness and constipation than DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. C. H. Dawson.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

LIGHT IS BREAKING.

After the Long Night of Business Depression

THE ROSEATE DAWN AGAIN APPEARS.

The Increase Not in the Nature of a Boom, but Conservative and Substantial, Being Based Upon Safer Methods.

NEW YORK, March 31.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade, issued today, says:

The president clears away one grave uncertainty with his veto. For some days it has been expected, and some speculation perhaps discounted. The more confident tone observed this week is partly due to the relief that no disturbance of the currency will be permitted, but other causes helped forward improvement. Slowly, but yet quite perceptibly, the force at work increases. The approach of spring compels thousands of dealers to replenish stocks, and the aggregate of orders, if smaller than usual at this season, is distinctly larger than in January or February. Except in speculative markets, prices do not recover, and in a few instances have gone lower; but the absence of sensational record-breaking inspires hopes that the bottom may have been reached. Business, though small as exceptionally cautious and safe, and its slow gain is more encouraging than a lightly expansion.

All speculative markets have been stronger for a time. European buying of stocks with a confidence in a veto, and progress in various reorganizations, caused an advance which reached on Wednesday 41 cents per bu. for railroad stocks and $1.16 for trusts. Transactions were so small that speculative selling was discouraged. But after the veto, Thursday realizing caused a share fall of 15 cents per share for railroad stocks and 60 cents for trusts, and on Friday prices were generally lower for the week. Railroad earnings in March thus far have been 11 per cent larger than last year, the trunk lines and their feeders showing a little less and other central and western roads a little more. The decrease in net earnings from January was 7 per cent for 13 roads, but the net here was 2 per cent larger than last year, showing that economy in expenses has been carried far enough to keep expenditure well within current income.

When cotton sank with speculation, every [illegible] spinner [illegible] sentiment. Later advances were [illegible] prices [illegible] last week. Western receipts for four weeks have been only [illegible] bales, against [illegible] last year, but exports are very small, and receipts for four weeks have been [illegible] bushels, against 7,905,415 last year. So that the tonnage of the two grains taken together is as large as a year ago. Pork products have sharply advanced, though corn is little. Cotton has advanced an eighth, the weekly movement being more favorable to holders, though 300,000 bales have already come into sight in excess of the entire crop, according to some so-called investigations.

Industries have gained again, though not so much as in other weeks this month, but the works in operation show some increase in the demand. Where so many are working part time or with reduced force, the less favored naturally drop out, while the multitude of small orders gives others better occupation.

Sales of wool in March were so much larger than last year that the decrease since January 1 has been wholly in foreign and not in domestic wool, but Ohio XX and Michigan fine delaine are a shade weaker at 21 cents. Full trade in women's is still very small, but lines of belated clothiers have caused quite an improvement in spring goods. Cottons are also better demand, and print cloths have advanced a sixteenth.

The shoe manufacture is supported by larger orders, particularly from the south for women's goods, with many small purchases for immediately delivery at the east and a fair demand in the west. Shipments from Boston, 17.6 per cent, less than last year for the first quarter, are only 11.7 per cent less for March. The demand for leather has been rather more than only in medium or the lower qualities. The tanner company has reduced prices of men's short boots 25 cents, with a discount of 5 per cent on early orders, hoping thus to get a larger part of the year's work done in the summer.

A surprising decrease is seen in the demand for copper, now 10½ cents for lake, and lead is weaker, but London speculation has advanced tin. The iron and steel manufacture has increased the working force yet, during this week, and slightly low prices for pig iron, nails and some manufactured products. Pittsburgh and Chicago indicate that the works in operation are fully able to supply the present demand, but early business is expected at the west.

Domestic trade continues about 30 per cent less than a year ago. Clearings at New York are 31.7 per cent less and at other cities 27 per cent less. Foreign trade still shows decided gains, exports from New York last week being 50 per cent, and for the week and the month 30 per cent, and for the year 20 per cent larger than last year. Imports are 20 per cent larger than last year. Trade [illegible] and prospects are [illegible] sets indicate [illegible] [illegible] month. Our [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

BLOOD AT THE POLLS.

Election Riots at Chicago and Kansas City.

THE VOTING PLACES HELD BY ROWDIES

And Decent People Defrauded of Their Right of Franchise—Murder and Maiming Rule the Day—A Public Disgrace.

Bloodshed at the Chicago Election Polls

CHICAGO April 4 Blood was spilled in the First ward this city to day Voting and drinking began early Shooting fighting and wholesale riots followed in quick succession It took a serious turn in the worst part of the ward known as the levee Instructions were issued by the committees of both parties to challenge every voter in the ward but in the end the democrats only challenged about one in every ten of the republican votes polled Contrary to most of the predictions there was no bloodshed between Republicans and Democrats in the Sixth ward where Congressman Lawrence Stephens and Sheriff Matt Kenna are the democratic candidates for re election Democrats who had left their homes in the morning for fear of being shot down at the polls returned in the afternoon and voted without molestation but there was bloodshed in other wards

Some of the hottest battles between the Hinchcliffe and the Harrison factions took place in the Twelfth ward where the polls were filled with the roughest of the city Bruised and battered men were carried out of the polls by their friends and sent home to nurse their wounds

Two men were killed in fighting for the Hinchcliffe ticket in the Twelfth ward and a Harrison man was killed in the Fifteenth ward Two men were killed in the Twelfth ward and a man was killed in the Fifteenth ward in the afternoon by a gang of them beat an unpaid debt of a young man from Westport

A warrant was issued by Justice Willis for the arrest of several of the men and Deputy Constable Jerry Pate was sent to arrest them

His other men in the Twelfth and Cooper streets in the Twelfth ward in which Pate was either were 100 armed men mostly Hoffmanites all of them heavily armed and of formidable

Just how the fight began no one seems to know But Mike Callahan one of the Pryor crowd is said to have had the first blow Instantly two dozen men were drawn and the shooting became general Hundreds of people ran for their lives and hid in the houses and stores

The fight lasted but a short time but long enough to leave a dozen men on the floor

[illegible]

Two men were killed in the Twelfth ward and a man was killed in the Fifteenth ward

[illegible]

Some of the men who had been shot were taken to the police stations and others were taken to their homes or to the hospitals

[illegible]

Some of the men who had been shot were taken to the police stations and others were taken to their homes or to the hospitals

[illegible]

Two men were killed in the Twelfth ward and a man was killed in the Fifteenth ward

SCHMINK—DIXON

United in Marriage To-Day at the Congregational Church

From Wednesday's Daily

The marriage of Miss Tillie Dixon and Samuel E. Schmink took place this morning at 11 o'clock in the Congregational church Rev W. O Miller, the pastor, officiating The church was artistically decorated with lilies, palms and cut flowers At the hour set for the ceremony the bridal party entered the church, the groom and the minister passing down the east aisle, and the bride on the arm of F L Stone passing down the west aisle to the altar where they met, and a short but beautiful wedding ceremony was observed The Mandolin orchestra played Lohengrin's wedding march while the bridal party was on the way to the altar and "Promise Me" when the procession left the church They passed out the east aisle as follows Mr and Mrs Schmink and Rev Miller and Mr Stone The bride looked lovely in a white silk, hat and gloves to match and carried a bouquet of roses The church was filled with the large number of friends and relatives of the contracting parties

The groom is well known as the book keeper at the Herald office and is a young man of exemplary habits His bride is an accomplished young lady with hosts of friends

The couple received numerous useful and beautiful presents.

Mr and Mrs Schmink will for the present board on East Condit street until their residence now in course of construction on North Union street is completed It will be an attractive six room home

CHURCH ROLL CALL AT OREANA

History of the Baptist Church 36 Years Old

A few days prior to the anniversary of the Baptist church at Oreana was observed with fitting exercises in charge of Rev H L Jordan, of Assumption There was a roll call of the membership and a history of the society was read together with interesting reference to all societies connected with the church The church was formed March 23 1858 with 12 members and during the 36 years there have been thirteen pastors For sixteen years the church work was carried on faithfully the members holding services in school houses and in private residences A total of 256 members have been received, and 28 have died 150 were received and dismissed by letter Now there are 91 members The church has contributed $9000 for church purposes, and $3581 for missions The Woman's Missionary Circle, organized 14 years ago has contributed $215 to the benevolent work The Sunday school was organized in 1890, and now has 75 members with an average attendance of 52 The school has given $270 The Young People's Baptist Union was recently organized with a membership of 43 The late protracted meeting resulted in many accessions to the church One month ago the church called Rev H F Jordan of Assumption, to the pastorate He has entered upon the work under very favorable circumstances There were two baptisms on Sunday when Rev Jordan had two large congregations out to hear his scholarly sermons The Baptist churches in the Springfield District Association will have to work powerfully to make as good a report as the Oreana church at the coming association meeting in October at the Association

Celebration at Mt Zion

In Mt Zion which celebrated its birthday on April 1st an enjoyable occasion commonly known as "Fool" Frauenhofer a highly respected and prominent citizen of Mt Zion tendered his family and friends an invitation to celebrate it by a good old fashioned "surprise party" At a given time they congregated at the residence of Wm Cox, a near neighbor, and proceeded in a body to the Frauenhofer residence of Mr Traughber about 11 miles southwest of Mt Zion, which they found beautifully illuminated and decorated for the occasion Mr Traughber was completely surprised, and was totally unapprised of the real nature of the preparations After an exchange of congratulations the company was served at a bountiful banquet, such as Mrs Traughber knows so well how to prepare, and after doing it full justice the remainder of the evening was spent enjoyably in social intercourse Among those present were Rev S L McAnis and wife Mr and Mrs John Downey Mr and Mrs W Broughton, Mr and Mrs Moma, Mr. and Mrs David Bigbee, Mr and Mrs W S Whiteheo, Mr and Mrs John Scott Mr and Mrs. James Durning, Mr. and Mr Wm. Cox, Mr and Mrs N J Black, Mr and Mrs Jerry Turpin Mr Traughber who is a leading Republican in the community, was bandyed considerably by his guests about his vote at the election that day, as after he had voted he discovered to his consternation that by a mistake in marking his ballot he had voted the straight *Democratic ticket* and his friends are taking of presenting him with a pair of pants appropriately decorated with Democratic badges, in accordance with his change in politics

Awful

Has Reed aged 75 years while chopping wood at Illiopolis, accidentally struck his little grandson with the ax splitting his skull entirely open

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma

THE DEATH RECORD.

Judge Moore, F. A. Leforgee and Samuel L. Barnes Called Away.

Remains of Judge Moore Sent to Kansas for Burial—Funeral of Mr Barnes To-morrow Afternoon

From Monday's Daily

Sunday night at 11 30 o'clock Judge Samuel P Moore of Cherryvale, Kan passed away in death at the home of his brother, Dr E W Moore, at 511 West Main street, in the 76th year of his age The deceased was taken suddenly and dangerously ill four days ago with congestion of the liver and stomach, and despite the skill of several physicians who gave him every attention he was unable to rally and was unconscious part of the time

Judge Moore was born at Waterloo, Monroe county Ill, in 1818 and was 75 years, two months and 23 days old at the time of his death On January 12th 1848, he married Miss Ann Fletcher sister of Governor Fletcher, and there were four children, one of whom is dead Mrs Moore died in September, 1892 The surviving children are Clayton W Moore, of Columbus Ind, Fletcher G Moore and C Elliott Moore, both of Cherryvale, Kan The latter is postmaster at Cherryvale Clayton and Elliott were with their father when he died In early life, in 1838, the deceased united with the Methodist church, and all his life he was connected with the official boards of churches where he had his membership and he always was an enthusiastic Sunday school superintendent and teacher He practiced law in Centreville, Ill, and was elected judge of the county court of Bond county serving with general acceptability for four years In 1872 the family moved to Peru, Kan, and then to Cherryvale He was judge of the Chautauqua county court one term He had not practiced law for nearly a dozen years but had devoted his time and energy to the newspaper business, writing strong Republican editorials for the *Globe News and Job and Porch*, published at Peru and at Cherryvale Last January the judge came to Decatur to spend the cold months with his brother

Judge Moore was a man of sterling character and possessed a vast amount of information concerning religious and public affairs He was intensely American in sentiments and a life long Whig and Republican in politics

The funeral was held at the residence, this afternoon, conducted by Rev D F Howe, and the remains were expressed to Cherryvale on the 4 07 train for burial

DEATH OF F A LEFORGEE

Jesse Leforgee received a telegram Sunday night stating that his brother, F A Leforgee, had died on the train while en route home The telegram was sent from Kelton, Utah The deceased left Sacramento, California, on Saturday night The party consisted of Mr and Mrs Leforgee and Marion Leforgee of Germantown, Cal A stop was made, and Mr Marion Leforgee took charge of the body Mrs Leforgee is expected to arrive in Decatur on Wednesday

Mr and Mrs Leforgee left Decatur about November 15th of last year, and visited New Mexico first afterwards going to Riverside and Germantown, Cal, but the change of climate did not have the presumed effect and the homeward journey was started The news telegraphed to this city last evening

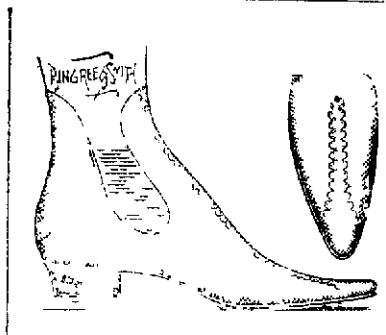
The deceased was born the 21st of April, 1837, at Poplin Plains Ky, and came to Decatur in April 1868 He was twice married The first time to Miss Mollie Vance, on May 16 1858 who died in April, 1870 In April 1873, he was married in marriage to Miss Nettie Barton who still survives him To this union, one son Barton was born Just four years ago to the day he met his death by drowning in the Sangamon, at this place the sad event Mr Leforgee's health has gradually declined His death was caused by lung congestion the deceased leaving only the immediate relatives to survive him The brothers are Jesse Leforgee and Ayers Leforgee The sisters are Mrs Martin Lower Mrs Wm Crowneth, and Miss Mary L Leforgee, of Champaign

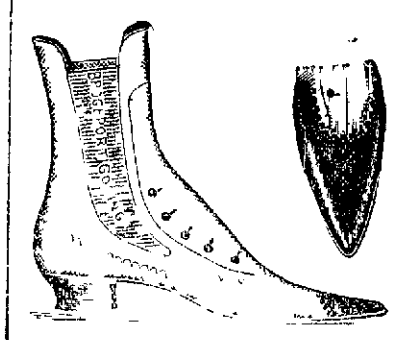
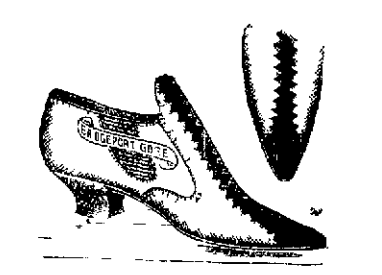
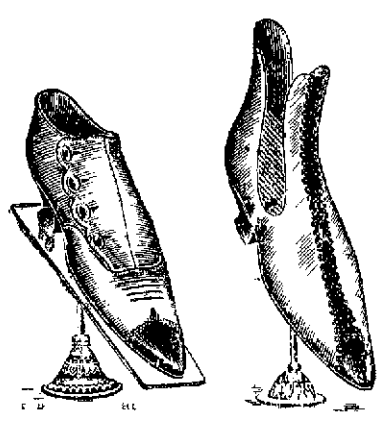
Mr Leforgee united in 1874 with the Christian church in Kentucky and afterwards in this city For 20 years he was in the real estate business in this city

DEATH OF SAMUEL BARNES

Samuel L Barnes, the well known mason and freeman, after an illness of several months passed away last night at 5 30 o'clock at his home No 579 South Broadway street His death was caused by an abscess in the brain The deceased was born in 1835 at Pikeston, Pike county O, and came to Decatur in 1874 where he has since resided Two brothers John A Barnes and W R. Barnes, one sister, Mrs Hattie E Hutsinpillar and step mother, Mrs M M Barnes, survive him the father of the deceased died in 1885

"Beauty" may be "only skin deep," but the secret of a beautiful skin is pure blood. Those coarse, rough pimply complexions may, in most cases be converted into smooth and fair by the persevering and systematic use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla.



MANY SHOES+

For the Present,

AT HALF PRICE!

Many shoes AT HALF PRICE and some at LESS THAN HALF PRICE, will be the way that POWERS' SHOES will be sold from now on until the Immense $40,000 Stock of Fresh Goods is disposed of. Remember the cost price does not stand in the way when we want to sell in order to make room for the remodeling which the room is to have. We are going to have a a new room out of the old, and must get these goods out of our way in order to have the Shelves for the workmen.

EVERYTHING GOES.

We are the "Big Store" and are in condition to sell better goods for the same money, or the same goods for less money, than any other house. When you pay, say **85c** for a pair of Child's Shoes at THE BIG STORE you can always be sure that the same goods would have cost you elsewhere $1.00 to $1.25, and sometimes $1.50. You can trade here with confidence, for if you don't like what you get bring them back and exchange them, or get your money back.

POWERS' SHOE STORE.

FARMERS' COLUMN.

For Sale

A choice lot of Light Brahma Cockerels for sale by WM COOMBE Mt Zion Ill

Farm for Sale or Rent

240 Acres in Webster county Iowa Highly improved 1½ miles from town Inquire of F DURKAIN owner, Barnum Iowa
Sept7 wt

MONEY to loan in large and small amounts Loans made on live stock farm implements, or household goods All classes of loans negotiated on short notice Loans on farms and city business property at 6 per cent interest Apply to A T SUMMERS, No 146 North Water Street, over Alberson's grocery house Decatur Illinois
July11 d&wtf

City Residence for Sale

Modern dwelling of four rooms on Prairie street within five minutes walk from Lincoln Square the house is in good condition and has all the conveniences of the best possible kind and is in a good neighborhood for a city residence Inquire of the undersigned at 172 Prairie street or address Box 1 Decatur Ill Hard cistern bathroom pipes connected with sewer pipes and water closet in house Lot 50 feet front by 150 feet deep with good barn and other outbuildings Address H care publisher Decatur Ill
2 tf

RIGHT UP TO DATE.

—SALE OF—

Silks and Satins,
Dress Goods and Trimmings,
Irish Lawns, Ducks,
Ginghams, Pongees,
Satins, Prints,
Etc, Etc

ALL NEW FRESH GOODS,
NO BACK NUMBERS.

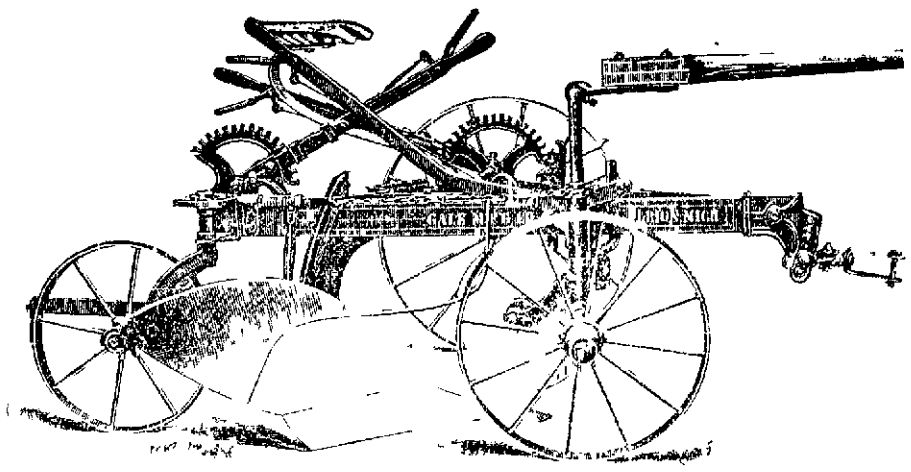
MISS ANNA McDONALD

will return from Chicago and be in her department Friday morning ready to take orders for Correct Styles in Millinery

S. G. Hatch & Bro.

151 East Main Street.

THE "BIG INJUN"



SULKY PLOW.

IT MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED.

Buy One of Us.

We also sell BUCKEYE MOWERS, BINDER TWINE, Spring Tooth Cultivator, Shovel Cultivators Tongueless Cultivators Surface Cultivators, Gopher Cultivators, the Strobridge Endgate, Seeders, Disc Harrows, Wagons, Buggies Sulky Plows, Corn Planters, Check Rowers Lever Harrows

DO NOT FORGET THAT WE HAVE THE OVERLAPPING DISC.

You will save Money by Purchasing your Implements of Us.
Implements of All Kinds at Wholesale and Retail.

F. B. TAIT & CO.,

328 East Cerro Gordo Street, Decatur, Ill.

PATENTS

Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patent in less time than those remote from Washington
Send model drawing or photo with description We advise, if patentable or not free of charge Our fee not due till patent is secured
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free Address
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE WASHINGTON D. C.

WEAVER'S CHEAP STORE,

(The Fair.)

WALL PAPER

We are showing a large variety of New Patterns and Coloring, at Lower Prices than ever

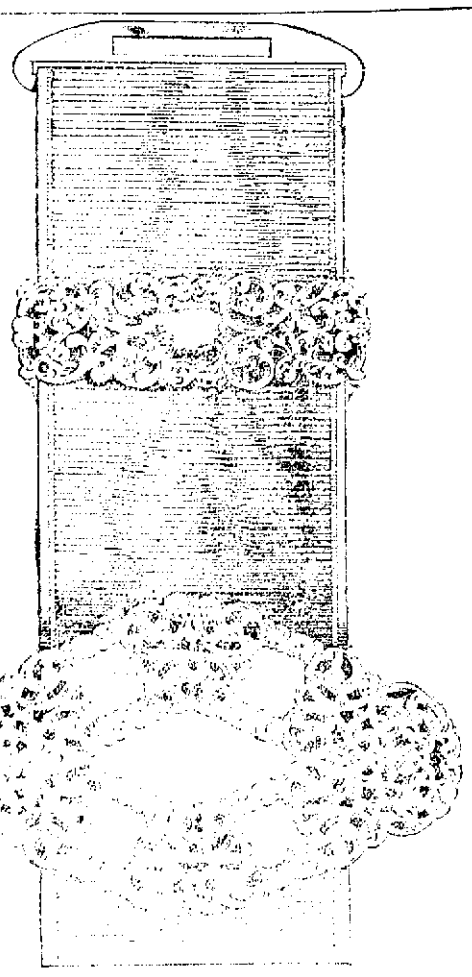
Handsome Styles from 5c up
New Styles in Gold Paper at prices that will astonish you.

Complete line of Window Shades Curtain Poles. See us before you buy

159 East Main Street. **L. A. WEAVER & CO.**

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SPECIAL PRICES
For 10 Days.



[illegible] Special Prices for Ten Days on the largest line of [illegible] Novelties ever opened in Decatur, embracing:

Sterling Silver Mounted Suspenders for gentlemen, Sterling Silver Mounted Suspenders for child from Sterling Silver Mounted Garters for ladies, Sterling Silver Mounted Garters, for gentlemen. Sterling Silver Mounted Belts. Sterling Silver (Dickens') Watch chains, Sterling Silver Umbrella Clasps. Sterling Silver Umbrella Markers. Sterling Silver Hat Markers. Sterling Silver Pen Wipers. Sterling Silver Lead Pencil Erasers. Sterling Silver Lead Pencil Tops, with Erasers. Sterling Silver Link Buttons. Sterling Silver Letter Clips, Bag Tags, Hairpins, Button Hooks, Nail Files, Glove Menders, Plaster Cases—and many other things that are JUST OUT.

These goods were received to-day, March 30, 1894, and will only be on sale at THESE PRICES for 10 days.

OTTO L. CURTIS & BRO.

The Shoes That sell In the Spring.

These are the kind of Shoes that we are now offering to the people of Decatur.

We Have Some Rare Bargains, Too.

OUR STOCK IS ALL NEW

Our Prices are at the Bottom.

We have during the past week been receiving some large consignments from the East. They include all of the latest styles of Spring Footwear.

Ladies' [illegible] Boys' Shoes,
Ladies' [illegible] Girls' Shoes,
Gentlemen's [illegible] Schools' Shoes,
Gent's [illegible] Children's Shoes.

[illegible] kinds and sizes to fit everybody. [illegible] want. They wear better, and are [illegible] than those that have been carried in [illegible] as to style, as to fit and as to prices. Give us a call one of these days.

FRANK H. COLE SHOE COMPANY,

B. F. BOBO, Manager.

148 East Main Street.

A VETO MESSAGE

Transmitted to Congress by President Cleveland.

THE BLAND SEIGNIORAGE MEASURE

Is Disapproved in a Lengthy Communication in Which the President Fully Sets Forth His Reasons for His Action.

WASHINGTON, March 29.—The following is the full text of the president's message vetoing the Bland seigniorage bill:

TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES—I return without my approval house bill No. 4956, entitled "An act directing the coinage of the silver bullion held in the treasury and for other purposes."

My strong desire to avoid disagreement with those in both houses of congress who have supported this bill, would lead me to approve it if I could believe that the public good would not be thereby endangered and that such action on my part would be a proper discharge of official duty. Inasmuch, however, as I am unable to satisfy myself that the proposed legislation is either wise or opportune, my conception of the obligations and responsibilities attached to the great office I hold forbids the indulgence of my personal desire, and inexorably confines me to that course which is dictated by my reason and judgment, and pointed out by a sincere purpose to protect and promote the general interests of our people.

The financial disturbance which swept over the country during the last year was unparalleled in its severity and disastrous consequences. There seemed to be almost an entire disappearance of faith in our financial ability and a loss of confidence in our fiscal policy. Among those who attempted to assign causes for our distress it was very generally conceded that the operation of a provision of law then in force, which compelled the government to purchase monthly a large amount of silver bullion and issue its notes in payment therefor, was either wholly or to a little extent responsible for our condition. This led to the repeal, on the first day of November, 1893, of the clause authorizing the purchase. We had hoped that such action would speedily restore to our people the blessings of a sound currency and a return of business activity and prosperity. Our expectations in this regard were not realized, and the country still continued in the grasp of financial distress which had fastened upon it. Doubtless other causes than the existence of the silver purchase clause in our law contributed to our misfortune, and we may be in error in our belief that its repeal was of any material benefit. But we are all agreed that the condition which existed was most unfortunate, and that every effort should be made to relieve our country from the evils which were upon it. Congress was in session and had the ear of the people and their representatives. Many of them believed that the repeal of the purchase clause had not been the cure we had sought for, and were ready to hear and consider any proposition which was offered as a remedy for our financial ills. There was, however, no agreement among those who opposed the repeal as to what should be done to check our downward course, but much doubt and hesitation existed as to the wisdom of any radical legislation touching our currency. It was, however, generally conceded that the condition of our currency was the cause of our trouble, and that something should be done to restore the public confidence in our currency. Many bills were introduced in both houses of congress to accomplish this result, and different remedies were suggested by the different parties who had given the subject attention. Some of the proposed legislation was reported to each house of congress for its action, and some of it was earnestly urged upon the attention of the two houses. Some of the proposed legislation was of a character to inspire the gravest apprehension in the minds of those who believed that the financial interests of our people should be left as much as possible to the control of their own business affairs, and that the government should not, by its legislation, add to the existing uncertainty in the minds of our people concerning the character and value of the money with which they were to transact the business of the country. Other proposed legislation was of a character to inspire the belief that if it should become a law it would be regarded as a retrogression from the financial conditions indicated by our recent repeal of the provision forcing silver bullion purchases, that it would weaken if it did not destroy, returning faith and confidence in our sound financial tendencies, and that as a consequence our progress toward renewed business health would be unfortunately checked and a return to our recent distressing plight seriously threatened. This proposed legislation is so related to the currency conditions growing out of the law compelling the purchase of silver by the government, that a glance at such conditions, and a partial review of the law referred to may not be unprofitable.

Between the 14th day of August, 1890, when the law became operative, and the 1st day of November, 1893, when the clause it contained directing the purchase of silver was repealed, there were purchased by the secretary of the treasury more than 168,000,000 ounces of silver bullion. In payment for this bullion the government issued its treasury notes of various denominations, amounting in all to $155,931,000, which notes were immediately added to the currency in circulation among our people. Such notes were by the law made legal tender for payment of all debts, public and private, and were made receivable by the government for customs, taxes and all public dues, and were made redeemable on demand in coin. They were also permitted to be held by banks as part of their reserves, and could be exchanged at the treasury for any other money then in the treasury. Under the law the coin in the treasury to be exchanged for these notes was to be coined in the discretion of the secretary of the treasury; but it was understood as a part of this recognized provision that it was the settled purpose of the United States to maintain the parity in value between coin and these notes, the former being then the only money in which the government could discharge its obligations. It was also understood that if any difficulty should be experienced in the maintenance of such parity it would be met by the exercise of the power and duty of the government to suspend the issue of these notes until the public interest should be further subserved by their issue.

The theory upon which the law was based was that the existence of a large quantity of these notes, with the obligation of the government to keep them at a parity with gold, would not disturb the gold reserve, because the holders of these notes would not be willing to disturb the government by a call for gold, which they had the right to make, lest they themselves might be required to share the inconvenience and loss which would result from such a call upon the government. Congress, in framing the law, was apparently of the opinion that the issue of these notes would not be attended with any difficulty in the maintenance of the parity between them and gold, because it was believed that the business interests of our people would not permit the government to be embarrassed by the presentation for gold of any of the notes issued by it in the purchase of silver bullion, because such action would be contrary to the interest of the holders of the notes, who were given by the law the option to demand either gold or silver coin at the discretion of the secretary of the treasury; and it was believed as a part of this recognized provision that if such a case should arise it would be the duty of the United States to maintain the parity between the two kinds of money with each other upon the present legal ratio, or such ratio as might be established by law.

The theory upon which the law was based has not been realized in fact. Doubtless the existence of the law did for a time inspire a sufficient degree of confidence in our currency to postpone the time when the question of our ability to maintain the parity between our two kinds of money would be tested by a run upon the gold reserve. But the time came when the question of our ability to maintain the parity between our two kinds of money was tested, and then it was disclosed that the law was not in the public mind regarded as a sufficient protection to our currency. The gold reserve began to decrease, and the belief became general that we could not much longer maintain our currency upon a parity with gold. The belief was also entertained that if the law should be changed so as to remove the obligation of the government to keep its notes at a parity with gold, the danger to our currency would be greatly lessened, if not entirely removed. Congress was then asked to repeal the law which had been so recently passed, and which was thought by many to be responsible for our financial troubles. So our president was forced to produce the most extraordinary financial message that has ever been sent to our national legislature. Congress was in session, and had been in session for more than a month, but it was slow to believe that the law was responsible for our troubles, and was reluctant to repeal it. The president was compelled to call upon the democratic members of congress to furnish the votes necessary to repeal the law, while the president was obliged to secure the votes of his political opponents in the senate to accomplish the same result. The president was sustained, and with his aid and assistance the friends of the measure were able to secure the repeal of the law. The repeal was followed by a period of financial depression so severe and disastrous that it will be long remembered by the people who suffered from it. Our currency was not disturbed, but other causes which had been at work to destroy the confidence of our people in the future of our country were still operating to our injury, and our currency was not the only thing which was in a condition to cause us anxiety. The repeal of the law did not restore confidence, nor stop the withdrawal of our gold. We had been for many months in the midst of financial distress and disaster, and the repeal of the law did not immediately bring us relief. It was not to be expected that it would do so. Its effect upon our currency was not to be felt at once, and we had to wait for the return of confidence and the healing of the wounds inflicted by the long period of distress through which we had passed. While we waited and hoped for the return of prosperity, we were disappointed and our condition became more critical. The revenues of the government were not sufficient to meet its expenditures, and we were compelled to borrow money to pay the current expenses. We had to borrow gold to maintain our reserve, and we had to borrow it for the purpose of paying ordinary expenses of our government because our revenues were not sufficient to do so. We had to borrow it because our revenues were not sufficient to pay the interest upon our public debt. We had to borrow it because we had to pay the principal of our public debt, and we had to borrow it because we had to do all this borrowing in order that we might keep our money upon a parity with the money of the world, and that we might maintain our credit. We had to borrow it because we had to do all this borrowing in order that we might maintain our credit and pay our current expenses. We had to borrow it because we had to do all this borrowing in order that we might keep our money upon a parity with the money of the world, and that we might maintain our credit. We had to borrow it because we had to do all this borrowing in order that we might maintain our credit and pay our current expenses. We had to borrow it because we had to do all this borrowing in order that we might keep our money upon a parity with the money of the world, and that we

NEW SPRING GOODS.

Ferris Suits,
—A novelty for Children, ages 3 to 7.

Junior Suits,
—Another, for Children, ages 3 to 7.

Knee Pants Suits,
Ages 5 to 15.

Boys' Suits,
—Ages 13 to 19, in the New Long Cut Sack, Single Double-Breasted Sacks.

Men's Suits,
—All kinds, all prices.

OUR JUNIOR.

NEW HATS,
—COME AND SEE THEM.

B. STINE CLOTHING CO.

SILVER
Hat and Hair Pins.

STERLING MOUNTED BELTS,
THE LATEST IN
Sterling Silver Novelties,
Silver Chain Spoons,
ALL NEW AND FRESH.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.,
JEWELERS.

WHAT
Shall You Do to Save Your Dollars,
Is the Subject for Debate.

BUY YOUR CHILDREN'S CLOTHING,
BUY YOUR BOYS' CLOTHING,
BUY YOUR MEN'S CLOTHING,
BUY YOUR HATS, CAPS AND FURNISHINGS
—OF—

The People's Clothier.

Admission Free, and Bargains Distributed without reserve. It makes no difference as to your creed, or what your destination is at the PEOPLE'S CLOTHIER.

—C. J. BRYANT,—
The People's Clothier,
OLD POST OFFICE STAND

LOCAL NEWS.

WE are headquarters on Garden Tools. mar28-d&wtf C. L. Griswold & Co.

FRIDAY, April 13, has been designated as Arbor day in Illinois by proclamation of Acting Governor Gill.

It's all the same, a slight cold, congested lungs or severe cough. One Minute Cough Cure banishes them. C. H. Dawson.

Go to the Spencer & Lehmann company for wind pumps, iron pumps, force pumps and pump repairs. feb6-d&wtf

O. L. GRISWOLD & Co., carry the best line of wheelbarrows in Decatur; prices low. mar28-d&wtf

You will be pleased with the tone and finish of the Haines, Sterling and Everett pianos on sale only at the C. B. Parcell music house. Step in and see them.

ATTORNEY D. D. HILL loans money on farms at 6 per cent. interest. Office over Midkiff's Bank, Decatur, Ill. Feb. 22-wtf

EARLY RISERS, Early Risers, Early Risers, the famous little pills for constipation, sick headache, dyspepsia and nervousness. C. H. Dawson.

JOHN DEERE WALKING PLOWS are the best in the world—at Spencer & Lehmann's. Feb. 8-w4m

STEWARD BURLEY, of the county farm, who was in Decatur to-day, states that he expects to have considerable trouble with a charge whose care he gave at Mrs. Aeff's place. The woman talks in a rambling way about a trial, and mumbles that the trial will certainly come off if the witnesses are summoned. She was sent to see friends in Decatur. Her sister resides at Macon. It will doubtless be a case of will insanity, which can be charged up to some man who betrayed the woman and then left her to suffer for herself. She tended in the poorhouse for her time of trouble.

IT not only relieves it does more, it cures. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. Harmless for all ages, all conditions, all climates. C. H. Dawson.

FARMERS please call at Spencer & Lehmann's and see their new Gem Ice Cream. It is a beauty and the most perfect freezer made. Feb 8-w4m.

CHRIS GRUNDEMAN: Al. Carver was brought home from Chicago, on Wednesday of last week, suffering from abscess of the liver. He was carried from the train on a stretcher and Dr. Thompson was called. At the last of the week it was thought that a surgical operation would be necessary to save his life and accordingly on Sunday Drs. William Barnes of Decatur, performed the operation. Since then he has been better. Al was married since he went away and his wife is here with him. Charley Carver is here also, having brought him home.

THE new Fever, Dairy, Drop and surface cut valves sold by Spencer & Lehmann are great improvements over old styles. Every farmer should see them. 8-w4m

DR. T. S. HOSKINS, the veterinary surgeon, has now his new office opposite Brown's Grand Opera House livery stable, North Water street, ready for business. Improved appliances and skill to the profession.

GEORGE [illegible] of Mount Zion, says that the Marvel Spring Shoe Co. [illegible] Decatur [illegible] [illegible] Feb 22-w4m

JOS. FLOWER, Warehouse, A. W. Elliott, Proprietor. March 29-w4m

The Father of the Cooper.

Jerome Barber, who has been a resident of Lincoln for thirty years, died yesterday and was buried to-day. Mr. Barber was born in Columbus, Ohio, in the year 1819, and was nearly 75 years of age. He was married in marriage with Miss B. A. Tolle April 11, [illegible]. Four children were born to them, two sons and two daughters. The children were named in [illegible] Oscar, Henry, Richard, Perry, and two daughters, viz: Mrs. Mary E. Cooper, of Macon [illegible] Henry, and Mrs. H. Smith, of [illegible] survive. Mr. Barber was nearly respected by all who knew him, and a large number of friends were present at the funeral. He was a member of the [illegible] for 55 years.—*Lincoln Leader.*

MARRIED.

At the residence of the bride's father, March 28, Carl Wilson and Miss Cora Davis, both of Decatur, Ill.

At the residence of the bride's father, March 29, by Rev. Richard Mossholder, Mr. Wm. Ellis and Miss Ella Mae Gilliam, both of Decatur.

DIED.

At the poor farm on March 31, of indigestion, Jackson Mitchell, age 4 years.

On March 30, at 10:30 o. m., at 1521 North Broadway, Elizabeth Fearn, of Macon, aged 2 months and 15 days.

A BOSTON newspaper has been enumerating the oldest clergymen residing thereabout. The Rev. Dr. Edward A. Park heads the list at the age of 85 years. The Rev. Dr. George E. Ellis 80 and the Rev. Drs. A. C. Thompson and E. K. Alden are each 79.

PRINCESS VICTORIA is said to be the cleverest of the daughters of the Prince of Wales. She is 25 years old, hearty, jolly and full of tact.

BURNS are absolutely painless when DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is promptly applied. Take no other. It is true. A perfect remedy for skin diseases, chapped hands and lips, and never fails to cure piles. C. H. Dawson.

HAVE your roofing, spouting and repair work done by C. L. Griswold & Co.

BRIGHT COUNTRY PUPILS.

How They Stood in the Final Examination Held in March.

J. N. Donahey, county superintendent of schools, has completed the markings of the examination papers handed in by the 200 pupils who took the final examination at the Decatur High School in March. The averages and ranks are given. It was found that Miss Stella Winter, of Blue Mound, ranked 1, with a grade of 98¾. Miss Nellie Wright, of Boody, ranked 2 with a grade of 96⅞. Fred Wood, of Excelsior, ranked 3, with a grade of 96⅝. Miss Addie Elder, of Boody, whose grade was 95⅞, ranked 4 and H. H. Hopkins, of Boody, with a grade of 95⅝, ranked 5.

Ranks of others with the grades follows:

90 TO 100.

Stella Winter, 98¾	1
Nellie Williams, 96	2
Fred Wood, 96⅝	3
Addie Elder, 95	4
H. H. Hopkins, 95	5
Charles King, 94	6
William [illegible], 90	19
Zelma Travis, 90	19
Frank Wood, 94	17
Guy Parker, 93	16
Carrie Grange, 93	15
John Doolittle, 93	15
Ella Parkhurst, 93	14
Mattie Stroup, 92	13
George White, 92	12
Bailey Evans, 92	11
Olive Crow, 92	10
Earl Morrison, 92	9
Dwight Sligh, 92	8
[illegible], 91	7
Roy Mertes, 91	6
Lizzie Roe, 91	5
Frank Thornton, 91	6

80 TO 90.

Carrie Bergen, 90	32
[illegible]	33
[illegible]	2
[illegible]	26
[illegible]	1
Anna [illegible]	4
[illegible]	7
[illegible]	8
[illegible]	7
Carrie [illegible]	7
[illegible]	7
Adam [illegible]	7
A. W. [illegible]	7
[illegible]	7
[illegible]	11
[illegible]	7
[illegible]	7
Addie [illegible]	7
[illegible]	7
[illegible]	7
[illegible]	7
[illegible]	7
Bertha [illegible]	1
Rosie [illegible]	5
[illegible]	7
[illegible]	7
Lizzie [illegible]	7
Nettie [illegible]	7
Frank [illegible]	7
[illegible]	1
Frank [illegible]	7
[illegible]	7
Carrie [illegible]	7
Otto [illegible]	7
Anna [illegible]	17
Albert [illegible]	21
[illegible]	43
Otley [illegible]	21
Mary [illegible]	21
Linda [illegible]	21
Matt [illegible]	14
[illegible]	9
[illegible]	9
[illegible]	13
[illegible]	2
[illegible]	2
Ella Blair, 89	2
Gus [illegible]	11
Richard [illegible]	18
[illegible]	59
Robert [illegible]	4

The Trip to Warrensburg.

From Friday's Daily.

The 60 Good Templars of Decatur who attended the Justice and Temperance Conference to Warrensburg last night, returned greatly pleased with their reception. The trip was satisfactory and the program [illegible] was greatly enjoyed by all. J. E. Cantwell made the address of welcome, which was responded to by [illegible] H. Shafer. [illegible] Addresses were made by [illegible] A. T. Gankier, S. Kent and Joseph Davis.

Births.

To Mr. and Mrs. William Neely, of North Clairville, a boy, March 28.

To Mr. and Mrs. Henry Noll, of No. 441 North Water street, on Tuesday March 27, a daughter.

To Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Cherry, of No. 517 East Decatur street, on Tuesday March 27, a boy.

The Populists.

A meeting of the committee of the People's party of Macon county has been called to be held in the city council room at the court house at 10 a. m., April 14, 1894. The object of the meeting is to perfect county and township organization and to arrange for senatorial and congressional meetings. W. E. R. Keil calls the meeting.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

NOT one minute elapses between the taking of One Minute Cough Cure and relief. Why shouldn't people take One Minute Cough Cure? They should. They do. C. H. Dawson

POSTOFFICE CHANGE

Editor Jerry Donahue's Name Sent to the Senate by Grover.

How the News was Received in Decatur—Hubbard Removed—Donahue Smiling.

The wrangling of the Decatur Democrats over the postoffice plum of $3,000 a year, which has been worrying the bosses and many of the small fry since Grover Cleveland was elected, is at an end. The name of Jerry Donahue, editor of the *Daily Review*, was sent to the Senate to-day by President Cleveland. This is the wording of the message giving the information received at the *Review* office to-day:

WASHINGTON, March 29. Jerry Donahue appointed postmaster at Decatur, Ill., vice J. T. Hubbard, removed.

To-morrow the committee will make its report to the Senate, and Mr. Donahue's nomination will no doubt be promptly confirmed. There will be no doubt of Mr. Donahue's acceptance, and when the blanks come from Washington for the filing of the necessary bond, no time will be lost in giving the required security, and as soon as possible a commissioner will come here to make the change in the book of the postoffice.

It didn't take long for the news of the appointment to get around. The Democratic faithful rapidly made such as REPUBLICAN officials began jeering, pressed by Republicans and Democrats wanting to know if there was any truth in the story. Confirmation of the rumor was not hard to get by everybody. Some said, "Good," others drawled out, "Well, well," and of course the Democrats were happy.

MR. DONAHUE SPEAKS.

Editor Donahue took the news—his own—serenely, and he clearly enjoyed congratulations tendered. It is a new experience for him. He has never aspired to some higher place than to occupy the editorial chair of the *Review*, where he started for gain and came here from Newton Mills about six years ago, and since 1892, when Grover got the nod, has been in the pasture for the postoffice, with Senator Palmer as his chief supporter, with many of the local chiefs in the band wagon with him. Of course Harry Scanlan and L. W. Ehrman and S. S. Jackman, lately were in it, through the medium of "vested rights," or something else, but the result of the contest shows that compared with Donahue they had no friends at court; and Jerry will be postmaster, possibly not later than May 1st. Mr. Donahue is at present not prepared to state who will be his deputy, and neither will he declare what changes he will make in the management of the office. He will no doubt do the best he can to make an acceptable postmaster.

POSTMASTER HUBBARD.

A REPUBLICAN reporter met Mr. Hubbard at the office [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

WEEKLY REPUBLICAN.

Entered at the Postoffice at Decatur, Illinois as second class mail matter

SPRINGER will have to go

THE Republican ticket seems to have been nominated with the view of electing it.

WE have heard but little of the Stevenson boom for president since the Pennsylvania election

THE REPUBLICAN extends its hand to the township officers elect, and displays its country in their honor

What is the use of fooling about the gerrymander? Majorities are swifter and more decisive than courts

[illegible] question whether the Democratic party is really dead, or [illegible]

What about the [illegible] district in this congressional district? Some pictures have been turned toward the wall

THERE probably has never been as much work done by the Democratic party with as little return as in the years 1893 and 1894

[illegible] mention the fact that A. Morgan was in it. They are probably not through investigating the record

The [illegible] seem to have become very [illegible] by its visitors [illegible] better or paper than [illegible] experience

[illegible] the Re[illegible] seem to have [illegible] Light [illegible]

The [illegible] Monday [illegible] the Democratic party [illegible] not wrong [illegible]

[illegible] will be [illegible] till a state [illegible] twenty two [illegible] twenty six states [illegible] presidential

There is occasionally an event that calls up attention to the business of some things [illegible] Democrats elected a [illegible] trustee in Friends Creek township

It looks [illegible] that Congressman W. C. P. Breckinridge voted for the Anti Oleomargarine bill is evidence of the fact that some [illegible] votes according to their own notions

YESTERDAY [illegible] in Macon county showed the county to be from 1200 to 1300 Republican after one year's Democratic reign. By November it will be in the neighborhood of 2000

THE Democrats have the postmaster of Decatur and a grand jury and trustee in Pleasant Grove Township. Between them they should be able to keep what is left of the Democratic party in line

[illegible] the New York Times [illegible] the Wilson [illegible] for [illegible] but will now [illegible] defeat

[illegible] town [illegible] the Herald Dispatch puts [illegible] some people have been of the Pennsylvania majorities the New York majorities and the Ohio majorities other majorities [illegible] conclusion that they were [illegible] were the [illegible]

[illegible] L. Johnson, of Ohio in his speech at the Jackson club banquet in Chicago gave as one reason why there should be a general exodus from the party and Johnson is a Democrat himself but favors absolute free trade after the decisions of the last Democratic platform

A great many people made the mistake of 1888 and in 1892 of voting the Democratic ticket on the theory that in doing so they were exercising independence of thought. That political action has cost a million and a half men in this country their opportunity to sell their labor and has reduced the wages of several million others

GEN. MALONEY says there is danger in the movement of Coxey's army, for in his opinion if the weather is fair, by the first of May the army will number 150,000 men hungry and half wild looking for work, with no work to give them. He thinks that if they are once in Washington and any attempt is made to drive them away serious complications may arise

THE Herald never said a wiser thing than it did in reply to the claim that the Democrats failed to vote in Ohio in November. It said in substance: "When a Democrat has to be dragged to the polls to get him to vote the best thing is to let him stay at home. If he is taken to the polls under such conditions he is likely to act, under the Australian ballot system, very much like the Republicans did in Massachusetts last Friday

[illegible]

The Election.

The election has been held and the people have spoken. Their speech is one the world can understand. It condemns the party in power for its stupidity, inactivity and unAmerican policy. The people want the country to prosper. The Democratic leaders destroy prosperity. In an evil hour enough people refused to listen to reason to put the Democratic party in power, on the assumption that it meant to give the country a better administration than the Republicans were giving it, and incidentally give labor a better chance and better pay. After a year's trial men who are honest with themselves have discovered by sad experience that this was all a delusion—that prosperity and Democracy do not travel along the same road—and they have determined to depose the Democratic party.

They have begun this righteous business in a very proper way—they hit that party whenever it puts up its head, no matter whether it is a local, special or general election. The first opportunity the people of Illinois have had was yesterday but like other states, where opportunities came earlier, she is not found wanting but joins the shouting victorious columns in Pennsylvania, New York, Ohio Massachusetts, Iowa and Kansas.

It is fair to assume that these elections are but the shadow of things to come. Next fall when the contest will involve the election of a congress and state legislatures the majorities against the party in power will be enormous, for the simple reason that it will be the first opportunity to put a stop to the blundering and dangerous policies of the party in power by electing a congress that Mr. Cleveland cannot control and which will have the effect of restoring confidence to the business of the country.

Wages on the Wabash

Notice was yesterday received by the train and locomotive men of the Wabash of a reduction of wages all along the line. Of course this is not what was promised workingmen by the Democratic campaigners in 1892 in case the Democrats came into power. But it is the inevitable result which must follow such an event just as Republicans warned the people would be the case if Cleveland and a Democratic congress were elected. A revenue tariff cannot mean anything else than a reduction of wages and it was a very silly venture to put the Democrats in power to prove whether the Republicans were right or wrong. It is an expensive experience.

A revenue tariff means the importation of goods our people should themselves manufacture for our market. If it does not mean this then its revenue feature would be a failure. The importation of such goods means the destruction of the home demand for labor. The destruction of this home demand for labor brings idleness to our people, who ought to be employed, and idleness brings reduction of wages, and idleness and reduction of wages depreciates values because they together destroy the power of the people to buy and to consume, and this means the crippling of the volume of business. This is business logic and shows the foolishness of all claims that a revenue tariff will give the country the prosperity it had under protection.

The order in which these things affect the people is very clear. Under a protective tariff, industries are running and the demand for labor is increased from year to year. A party is returned to power which threatens to destroy protection and institute a low or revenue tariff. This means a change of the conditions in which capital was invested in industries and a rearrangement of business affairs becomes necessary. The manufacturer trims his sails for the new conditions and the wage earner in the mills either finds himself out of a job or his wages reduced. The merchant cuts down his purchases because he does not know in what kind of a market he will be forced to sell. This in turn comes back to the manufacturer in the shape of a diminished demand for his product which means idle mills and the men. Building and improvements next are affected and the small demand for protected mechanics finds no places for employment curtailed. By this time the farmer finds the value of his products depreciated because his home market has been destroyed while the foreign market has not been enlarged. This affects the transportation lines because they cannot find the stuff to haul and they in turn have to lay off the men and reduce wages.

Under these conditions it is idle to talk about restoring the prosperous conditions the people had under protection without abandoning a revenue for a protective tariff. Logical business cannot recognize such a result except through protection. Business, of course, will be resumed but it will be resumed under the new conditions which involve the men now wanting work, the market, and hard times all the time.

[illegible]

"Nurse what's the reason that so few diseases are treated intelligently?"

"Because few doctors investigate and discover true remedies themselves." Most of them merely experiment with theories and discoveries which they don't understand. This

Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer

that I am giving you is a discovery not down in the books. It is the true remedy for your

Nervous Prostration

or any and all nervous troubles, such as sleeplessness, Debility, and so on. It is a remedy applied intelligently by the discoverers themselves

PRICE $1 00 A BOTTLE

Inquire of druggists for free sample. If not found write us enclosing five cents (stamps) for postage. The doctor gives free advice to any nervous disease sufferers. All welcome.

The J. W. Brant Co.
Makers
ALBION MICH
Arcade Dev St New York

We offer $500 [illegible]

Sold by C. H. Dawson

Amusements

Commencing Monday night April 9th, the county favorites, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Wayne, under the management of Howard Wall, and John A. Himmelein, associate manager will open a week's engagement at the Grand opera house. This is one of the strongest repertoire companies on the road and comes to our city highly recommended. They will present as their opening play Monday night the thrilling comedy drama entitled, A Stranger Woman. This is an exceptionally strong play, and is sure to please all. Seats on sale Saturday morning at 9 o'clock at Tyler's opera house drug store. Prices 10 20 and 30 cents. Change of play nightly

Letter List

The following is a list of letters remaining uncalled for at the Decatur Ill. postoffice April 1 1894. Please say advertised when called for.

GENTS LIST

Brandon Frank K, Hopkins J W
Bickserman R, Hackness James S
Claiborne L A, Johnson A G
Ferry E D, McDonald Lewis
Garver G H, McCumber Cyrus
Garrett James, Mason Waltie L
Hall J I, Smalley Theodore
Hill C A, Smith Wm
Hickston F A, Wooley Newton

LADIES LIST

Brandt Mrs Jennie, Marshall Miss May
Brown Miss Eva, Morgan Mrs Irene
Brown Mrs Bessie, Stevens Mrs Al
Bird Mrs Thomas, Skinner Mrs Amos
Gaphers Miss Lina, Taylor Miss Hattie
Gill Miss Samuel, Vail Mrs O
Gray Miss Sadie, Weland Mrs Henry
Inman Mrs A C, White Mrs F P
McLaughlin Miss Minnie, Whitsel Miss Lina

FOREIGN

Digan John

J. F. HUBBARD Postmaster

Crop Prospects in Central Illinois

Hon. H. J. Dunlap of Savoy, a well known horticulturist in Champaign county, has made a careful estimate of the damage done to fruit and grain in this county by the recent frosts. He says that 25 per cent of the cherries are killed, but there will be a good crop. Pears are all killed and grapes are badly injured. The early starting apples are killed, but later varieties and a usual crop may be expected. Potatoes which were planted deep are all right, but all seed is killed which had a shallow covering. Oats are uninjured where they had now sprouted

Births

To Mr. and Mrs. Edward Bowers, on South Broadway, March 30—a daughter

To Mr. and Mrs. John W. Hammons, 838 East Prairie street, April 2—a son

MARRIED

By Rev. W. H. Tenhellerton Sunday April 1, at the residence of Mrs. Kate Huffmaster 1311 North Church street, sister of the bride, Harry Lower and Miss Lettie Cooper both of Boody, Ill.

At Lovington Tuesday April 3 by P. P. Provost J. P. Scott Keown of Christian county, and Miss Mattie Todd of Decatur

DIED.

At the poorfarm at 1.30 a.m. April 1, Mrs. Ann Coleman aged 72 years.

The maiden name of the deceased was McMann. She has a sister residing at Clinton Ill. She was admitted to the poorhouse last January and death resulted from premature child birth

THE celebrated case of "Daniel Benton" alias William Newby, convicted in the United States District Court for presenting fraudulent pension claims and sentenced to a term in the Chester penitentiary, came up in the United States Supreme Court at Washington D. C., Saturday and the appeal was dismissed. Benton who is out on bail, will be at once rearrested and taken to Chester. He would have received about $20 000 if he won his case

IN the circuit court Constable Harry Midkiff has filed a praecipe for summons in suit in which he sues the Wabash railroad company for $2500. The bill of particulars has not been filed, but the suit is said to be the outgrowth of an accident which befell the constable several weeks ago while he was driving across the Wabash tracks at Water street. Midkiff was thrown from his buggy and had his right arm broken

A Divorce Case

Mrs. Ella Gowen has filed a bill for a divorce from her husband Henry Gowen, charging cruelty and non-support. They have two children a daughter 8 years old and a son 12 years old

Do you want a bird cage? The best are sold by C. L. Griswold & Co. mar28 2&w1

LINN & SCRUGGS
DRY GOODS & CARPET COMPANY.

ALL THE CORRECT STYLES

IN

Silks, Dress Goods, Laces, Suits, Coats and Capes.

We Offer This Week
Special Inducements in All Departments.

In Our Silk Department.

Changeable Surah, worth $1 00, at 75c
Figured China, worth 40c, at 22c
Extra Fine Figured China, 50c
Fancy Figured Surah, 85c
Satin Rhadame, worth $1 25, at 75c
All Black Figured Silk, $1 00
27-inch Cream Figured Habuti Silk, 75c

In Our Lace Department.

Point Venice Lace in all widths
Black, cream and butter color Insertions to match all laces
Prices range according to width, at 10, 15, 20, 25, 35, 50, 75c, and $1 00 per yd
We are showing all colors in Satin, Gros Grain and Moire Ribbons

In Our Dress Goods Departm't.

75 pieces Fancy Cheviots, 25c
40 pieces English Check, 19c
22 pieces Fancy Changeable, 15c
100 Paris Dress Patterns, $8 75.
75 pieces 52 inch Broadcloth, $1 00
25 pieces 46 inch Black Henrietta, 69c.
52 pcs 30 in French Figured Challies, 29c

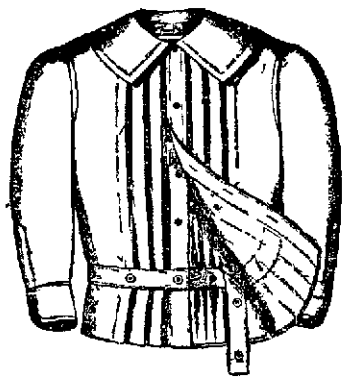
In Our Cotton Goods Dep't.

Indigo Calicoes, 3 8c
Dress Prints 4½c.
Dress Ginghams, 6½c
Challies, 3½c.
Apron Gingham, 4½c.
500 White Bedspreads, 98c
A make of Bleached Lonsdale Muslin, 4½c

ON SECOND FLOOR.
(TAKE ELEVATOR.)
Special Line of Coats, Capes, Suits and Wrappers.

Misses' and Children's Jackets and Suits in Great Variety.
Children's Jackets, $1 49 up, Suits, $1.50 up.

THE MOTHER'S FRIEND.
PATENT SHIRT WAIST



No Buttons can be Torn off, either in Wearing or Washing

The Mother's Friend does away entirely with the sewing on of Buttons. It is supplied with an adjustable belt which is easily taken out when the waist is washed, the buttons are riveted on the belt, consequently can not be torn off, either in wearing, washing or ironing

Suits, Coats, Capes, Wrappers.

175 Fancy Duck Suits at $1.98 a suit.
85 All Wool Serge Eaton Suits, $5.00.
300 Tailor Made Coats, $4 50, $5 00, $6.00
185 Tailor Made Capes, $2.49.
84 Infanta Capes, $4 00.
1,000 Ladies' Wraopers at $1 00
500 Children's Gingham Suits, $1 00, $1 25, $1 50.

Carpets, Matting, Wall Paper.

All New Spring Styles and at Prices Never so Low.

175 pair Chenille Portieres, extra heavy quality, worth $5 50, Sale Price, $3 50
200 rolls Floor Matting, in good styles, prices 11c per yard, 19c per yd, and 25c per yd.
27 Rolls Ingrain Carpet at 19c.
37 Rolls Tapestry Carpet at 50c
1,000 Window Shades at 19c—7 feet long.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®